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Returning Home

New Covenant and Second Exodus as the Context for 2 Corinthians 6.14-7.1

William J. Webb

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ABBREVIATIONS

AB Anchor Bible

AGJU Arbeiten zur Geschichte des antiken Judentums und des

Urchristentums

AnBib Analecta Biblica

ATANT Abhandlungen zur Theologie des Alten und Neuen Testaments

AusBR Australian Biblical Review

BAGD W. Bauer, W.F. Arndt, F.W. Gingrich and F.W. Danker, A

Greek-English Lexicon of the New Testament and Other Early

Christians Literature

BDF F. Blass, A. Debrunner and R.W. Funk, A Greek Grammar of the

New Testament and Other Early Christians Literature

BETL Bibliotheca ephemeridum theologicarum lovaniensium

BEvT Beiträge zur evangelischen Theologie

BFCT Beiträge zur Förderung christlicher Theologie BGBE Beiträge zur Geschichte der biblischen Exegese

BHT Beiträge zur Historischen Theologie

Rib Biblica

BSac Bibliotheca Sacra

BTB Biblical Theology Bulletin

BTH Bibliothèque de Théologie Historique
CBC Cambridge Bible Commentary
CBQ Catholic Biblical Quarterly
CGT Cambridge Greek Testament

CNieT Commentaar op het Nieuwe Testament
CNT Commentaire du Nouveau Testament

CR Classical Review

CurTM Currents in Theology and Mission

EB Expositors Bible
EBib Études Bibliques
EchBib Echter-Bibel

ENT Erläuterungen zum Neuen Testament ETL Ephemerides theologicae lovaniensis

EvQ Evangelical Quarterly ExpTim Expository Times

GCS Geneva Series Commentaries

GNS Good News Studies

GTB Van Gorcum's Theologische Bibliotheek

GTW Grundriss der Theologischen Wissenschaften

HAR Hebrew Annual Review

HKNT Handkommentar zum Neuen Testament
HNT Handbuch zum Neuen Testament
HNTC Harper's NT Commentaries

HSNT Die heilge Schrift Neuen Testaments ICC International Critical Commentary

Int Interpretation

JAARSup Journal of the American Academy of Religion Supplements

JBL Journal of Biblical Literature

JSNT Journal for the Study of the New Testament

JSNTSup Journal for the Study of the New Testament Supplement Series

JSOT Journal for the Study of the Old Testament

JSOTSup Journal for the Study of the Old Testament Supplement Series

JTS Journal of Theological Studies
KAT Kommentar zum Alten Testament

KKHSNT Kurzgesaszter Kommentar zu den heiligen Schriften Neuen

Testament

KNT Kommentar zum Neuen Testament
LCRL Limited Classical Reprint Library
LNT Literature of the New Testament
LTP Laval Théologique et Philosophique

MeyerK H.A.W. Meyer, Kritisch-exegetischer Kommentar über das Neue

Testament

MNTC Moffat NT Commentary NCB New Century Bible

NEBNT Neue Echter Bibel Neues Testament NFTL New Foundations Theological Library

NICNT New International Commentary on the New Testament

NovT Novum Testamentum

NovTSup
Novum Testamentum Supplements
NTD
Das Neue Testament Deutsch
NTG
Neue Theologische Grundrisse
NTS
New Testament Studies

OIL Old Testament Library

OTM Oxford Theological Monographs

OTWSA Die Ou-Testamentiese Werkgemeenskap in Suid-Africa

RB Revue Biblique

SANT Studien zum Alten und Neuen Testament

SBLDS SBL Dissertation Series

SCath Studia Catholica

SJLA Studies in Judaism in Late Antiquity
SMB Serie Monografica di Benedictina

SNTSMS Society of New Testament Studies Monograph Series

StBibTh Studia Biblica et Theologica

STR Studia Travaux de Recherche

SUNT Studien zur Umwelt des Neuen Testaments

TC Theological Collections
TD Theologischen Dissertationen

TNTC Tyndale New Testament Commentaries

TS Theological Studies

TSK Theologische Studien und Kritiken

TynBul Tyndale Bulletin

TOTC Tyndale Old Testament Commentaries USQR Union Seminary Quarterly Review

VEv Vox Evangelica VSpir Vie Spirituelle

WBC Word Biblical Commentary
WC Westminster Commentaries

WUNT Wissenschaftliche Untersuchungen zum Neuen Testament

ZNW Zeitschrift für die neutestamentliche Wissenschaft

All secondary sources are cited in the footnotes by the author's last name and a convenient short title. Full titles and other bibliographic information are provided in the Bibliography.

PREFACE

This work has been enhanced through the assistance of many individuals. It was originally submitted as a ThD dissertation at Dallas Theological Seminary in 1990. I am grateful to my supervisors, David Lowery, Darrell Bock and Robert Chisholm, who gave thorough and gracious guidance throughout each stage of the research and writing process. I must give special credit to Darrell Bock, for it was his lectures on the use of the Old Testament in Luke-Acts that sparked the idea of investigating the traditions in the fragment and its present context. At that juncture, I abandoned the initial direction of my research and pursued what developed into a traditions study.

In its current form as a monograph, it is a work reborn. David Hill interacted with my thesis in its original state, causing me to rework my arguments at a number of crucial points. My own brother, Robert Webb, patiently and meticulously assisted in two revisions beyond the original work. I owe a great deal to both these men for strengthening this book, and I would like to thank them for expanding my horizons. Likewise, Andrew Kirk has been of great assistance in seeing the editorial stage of this work to a successful completion.

In the revision process, my colleagues Jerry Colwell and David Barker read and critically commented on extensive portions of the drafts. They have not only helped shape the content of this book, but added immeasurably to its clarity and style. I thank them along with the rest of the faculty, staff, administration, and board of Heritage Theological Seminary who have provided a warm and caring atmosphere for our family. Their Christian fellowship and encouragement in the writing of this book has meant a great deal to Marilyn and myself.

To my family I owe the greatest debt of gratitude. My parents, Dr Bud Webb and Mrs Doreen Webb, and my wife's parents, Major Barry McFadyen and Mrs June McFadyen, have continually offered us strength and encouragement in the task. Of more profound significance, they instilled in us a love for the Scriptures. My wife, Marilyn, and our three children, Jonathan, Christine and Joel, are my constant

joy. This book is dedicated to the four of them, most especially to Marilyn, who holds my deepest affection and has become my dearest friend. Without her support and love, this work could never have been completed.

William J. Webb London, Ontario, Canada May 12, 1993

Chapter 1

INTRODUCTION

This initial Chapter provides a brief and uncomplicated orientation to the book. Without getting bogged down in too many details, I wish to introduce the problem which this book seeks to address, its corresponding hypothesis, and the contribution each Chapter makes towards that hypothesis. This introductory 'roadmap' should make the journey through the rest of the book a more enjoyable experience.

1. The Problem

The text of 2 Cor. 6.14–7.1, commonly called 'the fragment', has been the focus of much debate. Due in particular to its contextual problem, 2 Cor. 6.14–7.1 has been referred to as 'the enigmatic paragraph', 'the notoriously difficult text', or 'an enigma within 2 Corinthians, neither its origin nor its place in the context being entirely clear'. The words of W.G. Kümmel are indicative of many New Testament scholars: '2 Cor. 6.14–7.1 forms a difficulty probably not to be solved, for this section is without thematic connection to its context and interrupts the good connection between 6.13 and 7.2.'4

- 1. Barrett, 'Things Sacrificed to Idols', p. 140.
- 2. Hafemann, Suffering and the Spirit, p. 85.
- 3. Furnish, II Corinthians, p. 383.
- 4. Kümmel, Introduction to the New Testament, p. 214. Cf. Young and Ford (2 Corinthians, p. 32) who comment on the fragment: 'It is generally agreed that a satisfactory explanation of their position here [6.147.1] in 2 Corinthians has not been so far advanced. They are usually treated as an insertion.' Likewise, Collange (Énigmes, p. 319) writes, 'Au chapitre 6, enfin, la difficulté réside dans l'explication de la présence à cet endroit précis de l'épître du fragment 6.14-7.1'. Moffat (Introduction, p. 225) refers to 6.14-7.1 as 'an erratic boulder' standing out of place from its context. Fee ('Food Offered to Idols', p. 142) similarly states, 'What strikes one as he reads the vast array of literature on this passage is the general unwillingness . . . to deal with the contextual question.' A list of similar comments

Even the casual reader of 2 Corinthians would acknowledge that the removal 6.14–7.1 smooths the contextual flow, while its presence adds a certain abruptness and its subject matter is not easily explainable within the context.

2. Statement of the Hypothesis

It is the problem of contextual integration, then, which this book seeks to address. My hypothesis is that the fragment is related to its present context through the use of new covenant and exilic return traditions, particularly in light of Paul's identification with the 'ebed Yahweh (an identification which allows him to formulate his proclamation-message in second exodus language, 'Come out...'). The book's short-form title, Returning Home, represents a convenient reduction of the longer title, Coming Out of Babylon and Returning Home. Along with the return motif, this reflects the imperative: 'Come out of Babylon!' I have chosen this title in view of its crucial role in the contextual theory, echoing the cry for a new exodus. Its wording derives from a piece of the fragment's tradition ('Come out from among them') which has been heavily redacted in order to reiterate the opening exhortation in 6.14a. In this respect, the book's title epitomizes the call of the fragment from a traditions perspective: 'Come out of Babylon and return home'.

3. Contribution of Chapters towards the Hypothesis

Each Chapter contributes towards the hypothesis. Chapter 2 traces the history of the interpretation of 2 Cor. 6.14–7.1 from the Reformation to the present day. This historical survey not only provides the 'broader picture' of how larger trends in New Testament studies have influenced different interpretations of the passage, but grants the interpreter the all-too-rare opportunity of seeing one's own position in light of the ebb and flow of these historical trends. In the process, this Chapter introduces the reader to the legacy of scholarship upon which my own book builds and articulates how this study represents a new direction in research on the fragment.

on the fragment's lack of contextual continuity could be reproduced to fill several pages. These should be a sufficient sample.

The third, fourth and fifth Chapters develop the core of my proposed traditions hypothesis. Chapter 3 examines the fragment itself as an isolated unit apart from its present context in an attempt to understand its traditions—their sources, redactional modifications, and theological contributions. Chapters 4 and 5 study the fragment's remote (2.14–5.10) and immediate (5.11–7.4) context for traces of Old Testament traditions similar to those found in the fragment. A detailed correlation between the fragment and its context is then proposed on the basis of this investigation.

The sixth Chapter offers a critique of alternative contextual theories both on their own merits and in light of the traditions investigation just completed. A critical evaluation is made of alternative attempts to explain the relationship between the fragment and its present context. The seventh Chapter concludes with a brief summary of the book's contextual hypothesis and a review of areas where this study contributes to existing research on the fragment.

The two essays in Appendixes A and B apply the contextual findings to the crux interpretive issue in 6.14a. Beyond offering a solution to the contextual problem, the traditions hypothesis contributes towards the understanding of who the 'unbelievers' are and what the 'unequal yoke' refers to.